



Material Safety Data Sheet

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

MICROPOSIT(TM) Remover 1165

Supplier

Rohm and Haas Electronic Materials LLC
455 Forest Street
Marlborough, MA 01752 United States of America

Revision date: 11/29/2004

For non-emergency information contact: 508-481-7950

Emergency telephone number

Chemtrec 800-424-9300
Rohm and Haas Emergency 215-592-3000

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS-No.	Concentration
1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone	872-50-4	94.0 - 95.0 %
Pyrrolidinone Compound		5.0 - 6.0 %

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview**Appearance**

Form liquid
Colour Natural, slightly white
Odour amines

Hazard Summary**CAUTION!**

Combustible liquid and vapor. Causes irritation to eyes, nose, and respiratory tract.
Prolonged, repeated contact with skin may cause drying, defatting, or dermatitis.

Potential Health Effects

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, ingestion, eye and skin contact.

Eyes: May cause pain, transient irritation and superficial corneal effects.

Skin: Material may cause irritation.

Ingestion: Swallowing may have the following effects:
irritation of mouth, throat and digestive tract

Inhalation: Inhalation may have the following effects:
irritation of nose, throat and respiratory tract

Target Organs: Eye
Respiratory System
Skin

Carcinogenicity
Not considered carcinogenic by NTP, IARC, and OSHA

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Remove from exposure. If there is difficulty in breathing, give oxygen. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist.

Skin contact: Wash skin with water. Continue washing for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if blistering occurs or redness persists.

Eye contact: Immediately flush the eye with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eye open. Obtain medical attention if soreness or redness persists.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Have victim drink 1-3 glasses of water to dilute stomach contents. Induce vomiting if person is conscious. Immediate medical attention is required. Never administer anything by mouth if a victim is losing consciousness, is unconscious or is convulsing.

Notes to physician

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point 88 °C (190 °F)

Suitable extinguishing media: Use water spray, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Keep containers and surroundings cool with water spray.

Specific hazards during fire fighting: This product may give rise to hazardous vapors in a fire. Vapors can travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and result in flashback.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information: Pressure may build up in closed containers with possible liberation of combustible vapors.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Wear respiratory protection.

Eliminate all ignition sources.

Environmental precautions

Prevent the material from entering drains or water courses.

Do not discharge directly to a water source.

Advise Authorities if spillage has entered watercourse or sewer or has contaminated soil or vegetation.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain spills immediately with inert materials (e.g., sand, earth).

Transfer into suitable containers for recovery or disposal.

Finally flush area with plenty of water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Use local exhaust ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep container tightly closed.

Further information on storage conditions: Keep away from heat, sparks, flame, and other sources of ignition. Practice good personal hygiene to prevent accidental exposure.

Storage

Storage conditions: Store in original container. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Storage area should be: cool dry well ventilated out of direct sunlight

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limit(s)

Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone	Rohm and Haas	TWA	10 ppm
	Rohm and Haas	STEL	25 ppm
	Rohm and Haas	Absorbed via skin	

Eye protection: goggles

Hand protection: Butyl rubber gloves. Other chemical resistant gloves may be recommended by your safety professional.

Skin and body protection: Normal work wear.

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection if there is a risk of exposure to high vapor concentrations. The specific respirator selected must be based on the airborne concentration found in the workplace and must not exceed the working limits of the respirator.

Engineering measures: Engineering methods to prevent or control exposure are preferred. Methods include process or personnel enclosure, mechanical ventilation (local exhaust), and control of process conditions.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	
Form	liquid
Colour	Natural, slightly white
Odour	amines
pH	not applicable
Boiling point/range	202 °C (396 °F)
Flash point	88 °C (190 °F)
Relative vapour density	Heavier than air.
Water solubility	completely soluble
Relative density	1.03
Evaporation rate	Slower than ether
VOC's	1,030 g/l

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Hazardous reactions	Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	High temperatures Static discharge
Materials to avoid	Reducing agents Oxidizing agents acids
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides (NOx),
polymerization	Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information on this product or its components appear in this section when such data is available.

Component: **1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone**

Acute oral toxicity LD50 guinea pig 1,400 mg/kg

Component: **1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone**

Acute oral toxicity LD50 rat 3,914 mg/kg

Component: **1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone**

Acute dermal toxicity LD50 guinea pig > 2,000 mg/kg

Component: **1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone**

Acute dermal toxicity LD50 rabbit 8,000 mg/kg

Component: **1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone**

Subchronic toxicity In a 2 year inhalation study, NMP did not cause any life-shortening or carcinogenic effects in rats at 0.04 or 0.4 mg/l (10 and 100 ppm respectively).

Component: **1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone**

Toxicity to reproduction

Several inhalation studies in rats did not reveal any indication of maternal or embryo toxicity.

Component: **1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone**

Mutagenicity

Not mutagenic when tested in bacterial or mammalian systems.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information on this product or its components appear in this section when such data is available.

1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone

Ecotoxicity effects

Toxicity to fish LC50 Bluegill sunfish 96 h
832 ppm

Toxicity to algae EC50 Algae 72 h
>500 ppm

Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna 48 h
4897 ppm

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Environmental precautions: Prevent the material from entering drains or water courses.

Do not discharge directly to a water source.

Advise Authorities if spillage has entered watercourse or sewer or has contaminated soil or vegetation.

Disposal

Dispose in accordance with all local, state (provincial), and federal regulations. Incineration is the recommended method of disposal for containers. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product's user to determine at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. This is because the product uses, transformations, mixtures, processes, etc. may render the resulting materials hazardous.

Do not remove label until container is thoroughly cleaned. Empty containers may contain hazardous residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Not regulated for transport

IMO/IMDG

Not regulated (Not dangerous for transport)

Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA TITLE III: Section 311/312 Categorizations (40CFR370): Immediate (acute) Health Hazard
Fire Hazard

SARA TITLE III: Section 313 Information (40CFR372)

This product contains a chemical which is listed in Section 313 at or above de minimis concentrations.
SARA Title III Components: Methyl pyrrolidone 872-50-4

US. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt D):

US. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt D)
This product does not contain any substances subject to Section 12(b) export notification.

US. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

California (Proposition 65)

This product contains a component or components known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive harm.

Components: 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone 872-50-4

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Hazard Rating

	Health	Fire	Reactivity
NFPA	1	2	0

Legend

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
BAC	Butyl acetate

OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):
TLV	Threshold Limit Value
TWA	Time Weighted Average (TWA):
I	Bar denotes a revision from prior MSDS.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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